

THE SOUTHERN REORGANIZED

President Finley Says New Schedule Will Be Inaugurated in January.

RUNS SLOWER AND SAFER

Will Increase Number of Divisions From Fourteen to Twenty-Seven.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 12.—It is learned from President Finley, of the Southern Railway Company, that owing to the crowded condition of some of its single-track lines, and the double-track work, including the revision of grades and alignment, now underway for the purpose of relieving the crowded condition of the present single track, the Southern Railway Company finds it difficult to maintain the schedule of some of its passenger trains as now scheduled, and will, in consequence, in the early part of January, inaugurate a new schedule, putting them on the basis of slower speed, with the expectation of being able to maintain them, and believing that under the circumstances the new arrangement will be more satisfactory to the public. In this connection President Finley says:

President Talks.

"The double-track work is being vigorously pushed, and on other parts of the road, where double-track work is not now underway, but where traffic is heavy, passing tracks are being put in, and those already in extended, in order to facilitate the movement of trains, all such passing track work being done with the ultimate object of utilizing it as double-track when double-track work may be undertaken in those localities.

"The improvement in passenger train movement will naturally improve the movement of freight trains.

"The Southern Railway Company is arranging to shorten its operating divisions, increasing the number from fourteen to twenty-seven, each one of these divisions to be in charge of a superintendent. Men now in the service will be promoted to the additional positions thus created. This arrangement, it is believed, will result in increased efficiency, and will, it is further believed, promote the mutual interest of the public and company.

"In the arrangements referred to, the company is developing and making effective policies initiated by its late president."

SENATOR BROWN DIES LAST NIGHT

(Continued From First Page.)

Deserted her and her two children for the sake of another woman. Mrs. Bradley was hysterical and apparently quite out of her mind. She was heard to assert that Senator Brown had an appointment to meet Mrs. Adams in New York, and that she would prevent his keeping it.

"It is true that I was to have met the Senator in New York this week," said Mrs. Adams to-day. "The meeting was a matter of a business nature. We were friends, and the meeting was to be social. When he left Salt Lake City he wrote to me that he had a case to argue before the United States Supreme Court, and that as soon as that was over, which he thought would be by to-day, at the latest, he would meet me in New York.

May Come to Washington.

"I was in Philadelphia at the time of the shooting, and of course, was greatly surprised. I came here to wait developments, and will go to Washington if the Senator recovers sufficiently to send for me, or if I will go there in the event of his death, which seems probable.

"In either event, I shall issue a statement, which will fully explain the contents of the letters from me found in Senator Brown's room. I can fully explain every passage, and will show that nothing more than a close and warm personal friendship existed between the Senator and myself.

Could Have Prevented Shooting.

"I could have undoubtedly prevented the shooting had I had the chance. If Mrs. Bradley had come to me and asked

for my services, I would have been able to make Senator Brown do what she wished. I could have made him marry her and give to her and her children his name.

"Mrs. Bradley's grievances were not imaginary. They were real and had I known that the matter was so desperate and that stage in their relations had been reached, I would have insisted on a settlement of the matter satisfactory to Mrs. Bradley and her children.

"But Mrs. Bradley did not seek my services. I did not know that she followed Mr. Brown to Washington, from Salt Lake. If I had known that she was following him I would have taken steps to see her. It is all too bad. The poor woman must have been insane.

Acquaintance of Long Standing.

"I first met Mr. Brown twenty-five years ago in Salt Lake City, when he was settling up the affairs of my father's estate. We became good friends and had met occasionally and corresponded irregularly ever since, until last summer, when we met again in Salt Lake City, when we became very good friends. The Senator was very kind to me at that time, and I did not know of any love affairs he might have had.

"He later told me of the affair with Mrs. Bradley, and it seemed to worry him greatly. He spoke to me frequently of it, and I know that he was in a regretful mood.

"During the summer and fall I saw the Senator very often. Mrs. Adams stated, 'And when I started out on the road late in August we had arranged to meet in New York this week. I was playing in Miss Barrymore's 'Captain Jack' company, which closed in Philadelphia.

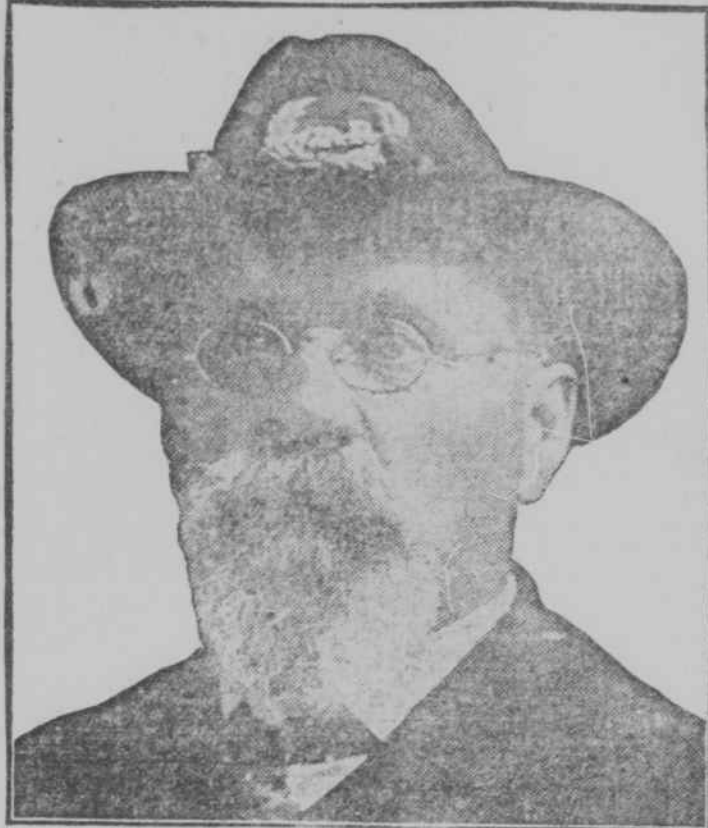
Then I was to lay off here in New York while the rest of the company put on 'Alfies Six-by-the-Fire' in Chicago until after the holidays. The Senator and I had planned to spend the holidays together in New York.

Admits Cause of Shooting.

"While I am very anxious about my letters found in Senator Brown's desk, I want to say that I can explain all of them, and that I hate to see a wrong interpretation of them made by the public.

"I am convinced that I am the cause of the shooting, but innocently so. Mrs. Bradley evidently knew of the friendship of the Senator for me and became jealous. I only wish that I could have seen Mrs. Bradley before she went to the Senator's room to shoot him."

A Veteran of the Civil War Praises the World's Great Medicine



MR. HENRY A. RAWSON.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

Is an absolutely pure, gentle and invigorating stimulant and tonic, builds up the nerve tissues, tones up the heart, gives power to the brain, strength and elasticity to the muscles and richness to the blood. It brings into action all the vital forces; it makes digestion perfect and enables you to get from the food you eat the nourishment it contains. It is invaluable for overworked men, delicate women and sickly children, as it is a food already digested. It strengthens the system, is a promoter of good health and longevity, makes the old young and keeps the young strong. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey contains no fusel oil and is the only whiskey that is recognized as a medicine. This is a guarantee.

Sold by all druggists and grocers, or direct, in sealed bottles only; never in bulk. Price \$1. Insist on the genuine and see that the "Old Chemist" trade-mark is on the label. Beware of refilled bottles and spurious malt whiskey substitutes offered for sale by unreliable dealers. They are positively harmful and will not cure. Medical booklet and doctor's advice free. Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.



MRS. BRADLEY, WHO FIRED SHOT THAT KILLED BROWN



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RAYNER SCORES THE PRESIDENT

(Continued From First Page.)

executive in practical control of the destinies of the republic."

EUROPE SHOULD HAVE A MONROE DOCTRINE

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 12.—The Senate in executive session to-day raised the general act by the delegates of the powers represented at the conference which met at Algeiras, Spain, in April last, to draft a treaty concerning Moroccan affairs. Opposition by the Democrats compelled the adoption of a resolution disclaiming responsibility for participation of the United States in the pro-

gram arranged by the conference as to the future of Morocco.

Over this resolution there was an extended argument, which was started by a suggestion from Chairman Cullom, of the Foreign Relations Committee, that the disclaimer be divorced from the resolution of ratification.

Democratic Senators declared this would weaken its effect and in a measure defeat the purpose of the resolution. Senators Spooner and Lodge supported the position taken by Senator Cullom, while Senator Foraker joined the Democratic forces in saying that the form of the resolution as prepared by a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations was excellent and proper.

Senator Bacon was the author of the idea that the United States should not take responsibility for the treaty, basing his argument on the fact that the United States denies to European powers the right to mingle in affairs of the Western Hemisphere, and that therefore the United States should be willing not to mingle in the political affairs of the Eastern Hemisphere. He spoke at length in support of his position.

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JAMESTOWN ASKS LOAN OF \$1,000,000

Seedsmen Making Hard Fight on the Free Seed Distribution.

RAILWAY CLERKS' SMALL PAY

Virginia's Total Wealth Exceeds a Billion and a Quarter Dollars.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 12.—There was to have been a hearing before the House Committee on Industrial Arts and Expositions to-day with reference to the loan of one million dollars, which the Jamestown Exposition Company is seeking, but as there was no quorum present it was decided to postpone the hearing until a later date, so as to give the Federal Expositions Commissioners time to have a hearing and make a report.

It was said by members of the committee that inasmuch as its action will be shaped largely by the character of the report which the exposition commissioners will make, it would be well to postpone the hearing until after that report is made. The government commissioners are to hear to-day the various officials to-morrow at 2 o'clock, when all the details of the proposed loan will be gone over. The exposition officials seem to feel confident that the government commission will favor the loan.

Free Seed Hearing.

The first of a series of hearings on the free seed question was held before the House Committee on Agriculture to-day. Representative Lamb, who is the ranking Democratic member of the committee, was one of those who took the most active interest in questioning the various witnesses. Among those who spoke in opposition to the free distribution of seeds was Seedman Wood, of Richmond. He read the interview with Captain Lamb, published in this correspondence yesterday, and asked the captain if that represented his views. Captain Lamb said that it did in every detail. Mr. Wood says that the whole free distribution is a farce, and that the seeds are not worth what it costs to get them to the farmers. The hearings will be continued for several days. The seed men are making a most aggressive fight against the further free distribution of government seeds.

C. A. Jewett, the general passenger agent of the Chesapeake Western Railway, has been in town for a few days, going over the tariff schedules of that road with Robert M. Gillespie, the president of the road, preparatory to the mission of its schedules to the State Corporation Commission. Mr. Jewett says that railroad men have found it rather a difficult task to understand and carry out the provisions of the new interstate commerce law, and that there are many of its provisions that affect even so short intrastate lines as the Chesapeake Western.

Stock Market High.

Among the Virginians in Washington to-day was P. L. Yates, one of the leading cattle dealers of the Shenandoah Valley. Asked about the markets, he said that not in a long time has the stock market been so firm and the demand for stock so good as it is to-day.

"But I may say," said he, "that my experience as a stock-dealer, which has covered some thirty years, has taught me that prices of beef to consumers rise out of all proportion to what the rise in the stock market is. But never has that been so much the case as it is to-day. Why, my observation has been that when even beef cattle rise one cent per pound in the market, the retail dealer in meats puts up his price four cents per pound. I do not know who makes the increase, whether it is the butcher or the retail dealer, but I know that the price goes up that way all right.

Hard Work for the Clerks.

The annual estimates of the Post-Office Department for the postal service embody an increase of \$4,660,000 in the compensation of the mails. This is transportation of the mails. This is an increase of 10 per cent in the pay over the present fiscal year. At the same time there is recommended an increase of only 3 per cent in the pay of railway postal clerks to handle the increase in the volume of mail. Virginia is a favorite recruiting ground for the railway postal service, and there are many hundreds of them in the service, and they feel that their duties are already hard enough without making them harder. A day or two ago the Times-Dispatch correspondent was talking with a clerk who runs between Washington and Greenboro. He said:

"I spend my boyhood on a Virginia farm, and no boy ever worked harder to make buckles and tongue meet. I thought I was about as sturdy a specimen of manhood as there was in Virginia, but four years of the railway postal service has about put me out of business. I think that Congress ought to do enough for us so as to permit us to make a good living, if we're willing to undergo the grind involved."

Virginia's Total Wealth.

According to a census bulletin just issued, the total value of property of all kinds in Virginia in 1904 was \$1,257,370,180. In 1900 the values estimated by the Census Bureau were \$1,102,309,595. This represents an increase of \$155,060,585 in four years. Of this \$74,547,441 was in real property, with improvements; \$33,778,805 was in live stock; \$19,985,397 was in farming implements; \$56,940,102 was in manufacturing equipment; \$3,070,459 was in gold and silver coin and bullion; \$215,000 was in railroads and equipment; \$40,996,199 was in street railways, shipping, water works, canals, telegraph and telephone systems, etc., and \$22,741,441 in farm products, manufactured products, mining products, etc. The per capita value of Virginia property is placed at \$248.88.

NEGRO SHOVS PISTOL IN FACE

DANVILLE, VA., December 12.—Mr. Nick Perrell, a prominent farmer, of near Witt, about eight miles from this city, had an exciting experience yesterday afternoon with a bold highwayman, who accosted him in the public road, and demanded his money at the point of a large pistol. He left the city rather late in the afternoon, and when he reached Lima, which is about three miles from Danville, the negro approached him and produced a pistol from his pocket. He pointed the weapon straight in the face of the farmer and requested his money. Contrary to what many others would have done, Mr. Perrell jumped down from his mule, and when he landed, he had his pocket-knife open in his hand. He slashed the would-be robber several times about his face and shoulders. The negro shot one time and then beat a retreat to the woods. The negro was bleeding when last seen and if arrested can be identified.

THE HAHNIMMER STORE

CATERING TO THE PEOPLE

A Nice Xmas Gift For Men.

(Men's Furnishing Department, left aisle.)

A handsome pair of Silk Suspenders, in a handsome box, only **50c**

Hand-embroidered Silk Suspenders, one pair in a box, only **75c**

Silk Suspenders, in plain and fancy, in all the very newest weaves **\$1.00**

Imported Hand-embroidered Silk Suspenders, genuine gold-plated buckle **\$1.25**

Persian Silk Suspenders, woven in all the rich Oriental colorings **\$1.50**

BONAPARTE AND MOODY CONFIRMED

Metcalf and Straus Have No Opposition for Navy and Commerce.

OBJECTION TO BONAPARTE

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 12.—The Senate to-day confirmed the nominations of William H. Moody, of Massachusetts, to be an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States; Charles J. Bonaparte, of Maryland, to be Attorney-General; Victor H. Metcalf, of California, to be Secretary of the Navy, and Oscar S. Straus, of New York, to be Secretary of Commerce and Labor.

The opposition to Messrs. Moody and Bonaparte, which had been raised in the Senate by a number of Democratic Senators, was not strongly pressed at the session to-day, and no roll call was asked for. On the five voice vote for Mr. Bonaparte, however, there was a number of negative votes on the minority side, estimated at about 15.

Senators Culberson and Carmack led the discussion against both Mr. Moody and Mr. Bonaparte. Against the former they raised a question of his fitness for the Supreme Court bench, based upon measures he had introduced as a member of the House.

Object to Utterances.

It was again urged against Mr. Bonaparte that his utterances against legislation for the regulation of combinations of capital unfitted him to enforce legislation of that character.

Senator Lodge defended the nomination of Mr. Bonaparte by saying that the President would not name a man for the responsible position of Attorney-General unless he was sure that the nominee was in sympathy with the administration's desire to break up such combinations.

There was no opposition to either Mr. Metcalf or Mr. Straus.

Attorney-General Moody will, it is confirmed, be sworn in as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court on December 24th.

The other Cabinet changes consequent upon the retirement of Mr. Moody will follow immediately. Secretary Bonaparte becoming Attorney-General, and Secretary Metcalf assuming the position of Secretary of the Navy.

Aldrich Sees President.

"It is the present intention to have Mr. Cortelyou take charge of the treasury portfolio on March 4th," said Senator Aldrich, who talked with the President this morning about Mr. Cortelyou's nomination to be Secretary of the Treasury, which was held up yesterday because no date was specified as to when the appointment would become effective. The same formal objection, it is said, applied to other nominations before the Senate.

HEADACHES AND NEURALGIA FROM COLDS.

LAXATIVE BILMOID Quinine, the world's best Cold and Grip remedy, removes mucus, kills the germ, and restores the system. Look for signature E. W. Grove, M.D.

In making up your list of Christmas presents don't fail to come in and see us. We will help to make yours or somebody else's home more beautiful; and, by the way, if you are thinking of getting married soon a nice Rocker, Chair, Desk, Bookcase, Library Table, Couch, or one of a good many other household specialties, of which we carry a large stock, will help you a whole lot when you start housekeeping.

JÜRGENS

419, 421 EAST BROAD ST.

We've just received a large shipment of moderate priced, up-to-date Kitchen Cabinets. Any housekeeper would be tickled to get one of these.

Omega Oil

For Weak Backs

If you happen to be one of those unfortunate people with a weak, lame, tired, aching back, it is time you were finding out about Omega Oil.

Go ahead and try it, anyhow. Once in a while Omega Oil fails to cure a very bad case of long standing, but there never was a case where it failed to give relief. Be fair about it, and give the Oil a chance. Have your back rubbed with it every night for a week or two. While you are using the Oil, be careful not to strain the back, and if you can, you should not do any hard work. The rubbing should be kept up about ten minutes or more each time Omega Oil is applied. A bad back needs more rubbing and longer treatment than a mild case, and you must be patient. Weak back is sometimes very stubborn, but Omega Oil will be found to work wonders. Three sizes: 10c., 25c., 50c.

Free sample Omega Oil Soap in every bottle.

